WE CLAIM:

l	1. A mass spectrometer system, comprising:
2	a data acquisition unit operable to sense and generate raw data indicative of
3	masses of particles; and
4	a computing unit in communication with said data acquisition unit and configured
5	to receive the raw data from said data acquisition unit and transform the raw data into
6	transformed data having a hierarchical data format for use at multiple resolutions.
1	2. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 1, wherein said computing unit
2	is further configured to compress the transformed data.
1	3. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 2, wherein said computing unit
2	uses a lossless compression technique to compress the transformed data.
1	4. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 1, wherein said computing unit
2	is further configured to identify noise in the transformed data.
1	5. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 4, wherein said computing unit
2	is further configured to reduce the noise in the transformed data.

l	6.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 1, further comprising a display
2	unit in comm	unication with said computing unit and operable to display the transformed data at
3	multiple reso	lutions.
i	7.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 1, wherein said computing unit
2	utilizes a wav	elet transformation having filters that transform the raw data into the transformed
3	data.	
1	8.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 7, wherein said processing unit
2	is further ope	rable to optimize the filters used in the wavelet transformation.
1	9.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 8, wherein said processing unit
2	is further ope	rable to generate multiple sub-datasets from the raw data.
1	10.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 9, wherein the multiple datasets
2	include a firs	t dataset formed of odd indexed elements of the raw data and a second dataset
3	formed of ev	en indexed elements of the raw data.
1	11.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 9, wherein said processing unit
2	is configured	to determine classifiers for optimizing the filters.
1	12.	The mass spectrometer system according to claim 11, wherein the classifiers
2	include class:	ifiers for scales and differences.

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- 1 13. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 11, wherein said processing 2 unit is further configured to generate a rule set for optimizing the filters.
- 1 14. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 13, wherein the rule set 2 includes a function for taking a maximum of an argument.
- 1 15. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 13, wherein said processing 2 unit is further configured to obtain an estimate for an optimal predictor based on the classifiers to 2 produce an interpolation point from the transformed data.
- 1 16. The mass spectrometer system according to claim 1, wherein said processing unit 2 further includes a decoder to decode the transformed data utilizing the rule set.

1	17.	A method for storing mass spectrometer data, said method comprising:
2		receiving raw data indicative of masses of particles produced by a mass
3	spectrometer;	and
4		transforming the raw data into transformed data having a hierarchical data format
5	for use at mul	tiple resolutions.
1	18.	The method according to claim 17, further comprising compressing the
2	transformed of	lata.
1	19.	The method according to claim 18, wherein said compressing the transformed
2	data is perfor	med using a lossless compression technique.
1	20.	The method according to claim 17, further comprising identifying noise in the
2	transformed d	lata.
1	21.	The method according to claim 20, further comprising reducing the noise in the
2	transformed of	lata.
1	22.	The method according to claim 21, further comprising compressing the
2	transformed d	lata having reduced noise.
1	23.	The method according to claim 17, further comprising displaying the transformed
2	data at multip	ole resolutions.

1 24. The method according to claim 17, wherein said transfor	rming in	cludes perto	rming
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- a wavelet transformation on the raw data to produce the transformed data having a hierarchical
- 3 data format.
- 1 25. The method according to claim 17, further comprising decoding the transformed
- 2 data.

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2		means for receiving raw data indicative of masses of particles; and
3		means for transforming the raw data into transformed data having a hierarchical
4	data format for	use at multiple resolutions, said means for transforming being in communication
5	with said mear	ns for generating.
1	27.	The method according to claim 26, further comprising means for compressing the
2	transformed da	ata.
1	28.	The method according to claim 26, further comprising means for identifying noise
2	in the transform	med data.
1	29.	The method according to claim 28, further comprising means for reducing the
2	identified nois	e in the transformed data.

A mass spectrometer system, comprising:

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1	30.	The method according to claim 29, further comprising means for compressing the
2	transformed d	ata having reduced noise.

- 1 31. The method according to claim 26, further comprising means for displaying the transformed data at multiple resolutions.
- 1 32. The method according to claim 26, further comprising means for decoding the transformed data.

2	receiving a request to perform an operation utilizing at least a portion of
3	transformed data resulting from a transformation of raw data generated by a mass spectrometer,
4	the transformed data having a hierarchical data format for use at multiple resolutions;
5	accessing the transformed data;
6	selecting parameters to use for a selected resolution of the transformed data;
7	producing a transformed dataset at the selected resolution from the transformed
8	data as a function of the selected parameters; and
9	performing the requested operation on the transformed dataset at the selected
10	resolution to generate a result for the operation based on the transformed dataset at the selected
11	resolution in response to said receiving the request.
1	34. The method according to claim 33, wherein said receiving the request includes
2	receiving a request to compare a test dataset with the transformed data.
1	35. The method according to claim 33, wherein said receiving the request includes
2	receiving a search request for transformed data having certain properties.
1	36. The method according to claim 33, wherein said receiving the request includes
2	receiving a request to compress the transformed data.

A method for processing mass spectrometry data, said method comprising:

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2	receiving a re	quest to identify noise contained in the transformed data.
1	38.	The method according to claim 37, wherein said receiving the request includes
2	receiving a re	equest to identify chemical noise contained in the transformed data.
1	39.	The method according to claim 37, further comprising receiving a request to
2	suppress the	noise.
1	40.	The method according to claim 33, further comprising decoding the transformed
2	data at the se	lected resolution.

The method according to claim 33, wherein said receiving the request includes

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1	41. A system for processing mass spectrometry data, said system comprising:
2	a storage unit operable to store transformed data resulting from a transformation
3	of raw data generated by a mass spectrometer, the transformed data having a hierarchical data
4	format for use at multiple resolutions; and
5	a processing unit in communication with said storage unit and configured to:
6	receive a request to perform an operation utilizing at least a portion of
7	transformed data resulting from a transformation of raw data generated by a mass
8	spectrometer, the transformed data having a hierarchical data format for use at multiple
9	resolutions;
10	access the transformed data;
11	select parameters to use for a selected resolution of the transformed data;
12	produce a transformed dataset at the selected resolution from the
13	transformed data as a function of the selected parameters; and
14	perform the requested operation on the transformed dataset at the selected
15	resolution to generate a result for the operation based on the transformed dataset at the
16	selected resolution in response to receiving the request.
1	42. The system according to claim 41, wherein the operation includes comparing a
2	test dataset with the transformed data.
1	43. The system according to claim 41, wherein the operation includes searching for
2	transformed data having certain properties.

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2	to compress th	ne transformed data.
1	45.	The system according to claim 41, wherein the operation includes identifying
2	noise containe	ed in the transformed data.
1	46.	The system according to claim 45, wherein the noise is chemical noise.
1	47.	The system according to claim 45, wherein the operation includes suppressing the
2	noise.	
1	48.	The system according to claim 41, wherein said processing unit is further operable
2	to decode the	data at the selected resolution.

The system according to claim 41, wherein said processing unit is further operable

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1	49.	A method for formatting data measured by a mass spectrometer, said method
2	comprising:	
3		receiving raw data sampled by the mass spectrometer;
4		generating an interpolating polynomial of order p for use in generating
5	coefficients;	
6		splitting the raw data into multiple raw subsample datasets;
7		generating a first vector of optimal classification indices on scales;
8		generating a second vector of optimal classification indices on differences;
9		generating a ruleset matrix based on an indicator function;
10		generating a predictor as a function of the ruleset, first vector, and second vector;
11		based on each predictor, updating the second raw subsample dataset utilizing the
12	coefficients; a	and
13		outputting the ruleset matrix, first raw subsample dataset, and updated second raw
14	subsample da	taset for use of the data measured by the mass spectrometer at multiple resolutions.
1	50.	The method according to claim 49, wherein said splitting of the raw data includes
2	forming two r	aw subsample datasets, a first dataset including odd indexed raw data elements and
3	a second data	set including even indexed raw data elements.
1	51.	The method according to claim 49, wherein said generating the ruleset matrix is
2	performed by	utilizing a maximum of an argument (MAXARG) function.

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1	52.	The method according to claim 49, further comprising compressing the datasets
1	53.	The method according to claim 49, further comprising:
2		identifying noise included in the raw data; and
3		suppressing the identified noise.

1	54. A system for formatting data measured by a mass spectrometer, said system		
2	comprising:		
3	means for receiving raw data sampled by the mass spectrometer;		
4	means for generating an interpolating polynomial of order p for use in generating		
5	coefficients and in communication with said means for receiving;		
6	means for splitting the raw data into multiple raw subsample datasets, and in		
7	communication with said means for receiving;		
8	means for generating a first vector of optimal classification indices on scales, and		
9	in communication with said means for splitting to receive the multiples raw subsample datasets		
10	to generate the first vector;		
11	means for generating a second vector of optimal classification indices on		
12	differences, and in communication with said means for splitting to receive the multiple raw		
13	subsample datasets to generate the second vector;		
14	means for generating a ruleset matrix based on an indicator function, and in		
15	communication with said means for splitting to receive the multiple raw subsample datasets to		
16	generate the ruleset matrix;		
17	means for generating a predictor as a function of the ruleset matrix, first vector,		
18	and second vector, operable to receive the ruleset matrix first vector, and second vector;		
19	means for updating the second raw subsample dataset utilizing the coefficients		
20	and in response to each predictor; and		

21	means for outputting the ruleset matrix, first raw subsample dataset,	and updated		
22	second raw subsample dataset for use of the data measured by the mass spectrometer at multiple			
23	resolutions.			
1	55. The system according to claim 54, further comprising means for con-	npressing the		
2	datasets in communication with said means for outputting.			
1	56. The system according to claim 54, further comprising:			
2	means for identifying noise included in the raw data and operable to	o receive the		
3	raw data or the multiple raw subsample datasets; and			
4	means for suppressing the identified noise in communication with sa	aid means for		
5	identifying noise.			

1	57.	A method for formatting data measured by a mass spectrometer, said method			
2	comprising:				
3		receiving a dataset containing mass spectrometer data;			
4		performing a wavelet transformation on the mass spectrometer data to generate a			
5	transformed dataset; and				
6		storing the transformed dataset.			
1	58.	The method according to claim 57, further comprising compressing the			
2	transformed dataset.				
1	59.	The method according to claim 57, further comprising suppressing noise			
2	contained in the transformed dataset.				
1	60.	The method according to claim 57, further comprising suppressing noise			
2	contained in the transformed dataset.				
1	61.	The method according to claim 57, further comprising optimizing filters over			
2	localized regi	ons.			
1	62.	The method according to claim 61, further comprising generating a ruleset for			
2	performing p	redictions in interpolating datapoints.			

l	63.	A system for formatting data measured by a mass spectrometer, said system			
2	comprising:				
3		a processor operable (i) to receive a dataset containing mass spectrometer data and			
4	(ii) to perform	a wavelet transformation on the mass spectrometer data to generate a transformed			
5	dataset; and				
6		a storage unit in communication with said processor and operable to receive and			
7	store the trans	sformed dataset communicated from said processor.			
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1	64.	The system according to claim 63, wherein said processor is further operable to			
2	compress the transformed dataset.				
1	65.	The system according to claim 64, wherein said processor is further operable to			
2	suppress the	noise contained in the transformed dataset.			
		The system according to claim 63, wherein said processor is further operable to			
1	66.	The system according to claim 63, wherein said processor is further operable to			
2	suppress the i	noise contained in the transformed dataset.			
1	67.	The method according to claim 63, further comprising optimizing filters over			
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2	localized regi	ons.			
1	68.	The method according to claim 67, further comprising generating a ruleset for			
2	performing p	redictions for interpolating datapoints.			